RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN PARENTING STYLE ON ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT OF HIGHER SECONDARY STUDENTS

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Abstract

The main objective of the study was carried out to find out whether there is any significant correlation between parenting style and academic achievement of higher secondary students. The sample consists of 300 participants at higher secondary school students procured from seven schools in Srivilliputtur Taluk through a random sampling technique. The collected data was analyzed statistically by using the SPSS package. The findings of the investigation reveal that there is no significant relationship between parenting style and academic achievement of higher secondary students.

Introduction

A parenting style is a psychological build on behalf of standard approaches that parents use in their child-rearing. Parental investment starts soon after birth. Many parents generate their own style from a blend of aspects, and these may progress as the children develop their own personalities and move through life's stages. Parenting style is exaggerated by both the parent's and children's temperaments and is mainly stand on parents and civilization. "Most parents learn parenting practices from their own parent-some they accept, some they discard." The point to which a child's instruction is fraction of parenting is a additional substance of discuss (Esfandiari, 1995).

The excellence of family interactions has significant associations with children's and adolescents' scholastic motivation and achievement and with youthful adults' eventual educational and occupational attainments (*Thomas Callaghan 1993*). The family environment is the most powerful influence in determining learners' school attainment and educational motivation. States that parents' participation in learning movements has considerable emotional and intellectual proceeds for children. He observes, however, that because helpful and strong families are most important for school success, instructors undertake increasing challenges many children experience harsh family disruption and upheaval. Although it is acknowledged that families are perhaps the most substantial influence on children's school success, it is not clear which family influences are the most significant. Also, research findings are inconclusive about the amount to which associations between family connections and educational performances are independent of a child's family background and family structure (James Colemen, 1991).

Significance of the Study

This world today consists of both the best of times and worst of times for adolescents. Their world possesses powers and perspective inconceivable 50 years ago: computers, longer life expectancies, television, satellite, and air travel. So much availability of knowledge through can be chaotic and dangerous.. Most adolescents today successfully negotiate the path from childhood to adulthood; however, too many of today's adolescents are not provides with sufficient possibilities and hold to become competent adults.

Adolescence is the transition period from childhood to adulthood. One can encounter stress and storm during his period due to physical, emotional, intellectual, and social change the concentration diversion would also be the result if they are not studied correctly. To flourish in the academic aspect kids should

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prepare all efforts to study systematically the external distraction should also be controlled to provide children conductive environment for their study. Hence parents love concerning care involvement, and guidance will make a tremendous change in the behavior of the children.

Researchers have found that parenting styles influence the academic achievement of children. The present study focuses on the parenting style and academic achievement of high school students. The investigator feels on this study is the need of the hour to bring about the desirable improvement and parenting styles perceived by the student's pastoral and educational ministries in his place. The present study is unique to explore how far the parenting style relate to the academic achievement of high school students.

Objectives

- To find out the level of parenting style of higher secondary students.
- To find out the level of educational accomplishment of higher secondary students.
- To find out whether there is any significant relationship between parenting style and academic achievement of higher secondary students.

Methodology

A descriptive survey method was adopted by the researcher to conduct this study.

Population for the Study

The population of the present study is the higher secondary school students of Srivilliputtur Taluk, Virudhunagar district of Tamil Nadu.

Sample for the Study

The researcher employed the simple random sampling method for selecting the sample. The sample for the present study comprises 300 students from high school, seven higher secondary schools of Srivilliputtur taluk, Virudhunagar district of Tamil Nadu.

Tool

Inventory of Parenting style has been prepared and validated by the investigator

Statistical Techniques

Percentage, Mean, standard Deviation, and correlation

Analyis of Data

Objective 1

To find out the level of parenting style of higher secondary students

Table 1 The Level of Parenting Style of High School Students

Low		Average		High	
Count	%	Count	%	Count	%
45	15.0	212	70.7	43	14.3

15.0% of the stunts have low, 70.7% of them have average, and 14.3% of them have a high level of parenting learning style of higher secondary students.

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Objective 2

To find out the level of academic achievement of high school students

Table 2 The Level of Academic Achievement of High School Students

Low		Average		High		
Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	
12	4.0	248	82.7	40	13.3	

4.0% of the students have low, 82.7% of them have average and 13.3% of them have a high level of academic achievement of higher secondary ol students.

Hypothesis 1

There is no significant relationship between Parenting Style and Academic Achievement of higher secondary Students.

Table 3 Relationship between Parenting Style and Academic Achievements
Higher Secondary Students

Parenting style		Academic Achievement		ΣXY	Calculated	Remarks
$\sum \mathbf{X}$	$\sum X^2$	$\sum \mathbf{Y}$	$\sum \mathbf{X}$	<u></u> A1	value	Kemai Ks
17764	1057064	95448	30905958	5647607	0.079	NS

The calculated 'r' value (0.079) is less than the table value (0.088) at 5% level of significance. Hence the null hypothesis is accepted. Thus, the result shows that there is no significant relationship between parenting style and academic achievement of higher secondary students.

Major Findings of the Study

- 15.0% of the students have low, 70.7% of them have average, and 14.3% of them have a high level of the parenting learning style of higher secondary students.
- 4.0% of the students have low, 82.7% of them have average, and 13.3% of them have a high level of scholastic achievement of higher secondary students
- There is no significant correlation between parenting style and academic achievement of higher secondary students.

Educational Implications

Parents must adopt a democratic parenting style and must use it practically while dealing with their children. The Parents must encourage their children to contribute in activities that match their flairs and work hard by being authentically interested in their activities. Understanding the importance of parenting style in the life of children, schools and administrators should arrange workshops and training for parents to direct the parents about the various strategies which they should use for their child's development.

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